

LEADING ARTICLES—JUNE 12, 1925

REPORT ON LEGISLATION
UNION AND NON-UNION PUBLICATIONS
OLD PLAN IN NEW GARB
ANCIENT SPY SYSTEM
HUNTING UTOPIA

WE DON'T PATRONIZE LIST

The concerns named below are on the "We Don't Patronize List" of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of Labor Unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

American Tobacco Company.
Black and White Cab Company.
Block, J., Butcher, 1351 Taraval.
Compton's Restaurant, 8 Kearny.
Compton's Quick Lunch, 144 Ellis.
Ever-Good Bakery, Haight & Fillmore.
Foster's Lunches.
Gorman & Bennett, Grove.
E. Goss & Co., Cigar Mnfrs., 113 Front.
Gunst, M. A., Cigar Stores.
Great Western Tea Company, 2388 Mission.
Jenny Wren Stores.
Levi Strauss & Co., Garment Makers.
Majestic Hall, Geary and Fillmore.
Market Street R. R.
Martinez-Benicia Ferry Co.
National Biscuit Co., Chicago, products.
Phillips Baking Company.
Players' Club.
Regent Theatre.
Schmidt Lithograph Co.
Steinberg's Shoe Store, 1600 Fillmore.
Steinberg's Shoe Store, 2650 Mission.
Torino Bakery, 2823 Twenty-third.
United Cigar Stores.
Yellow Cab Company.
All Barber Shops open on Sunday are unfair.

Labor Council Directory

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, Room 205, Labor Temple. Executive and Arbitration Committee meets every Monday at 7:30 p. m. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters telephone —Market 56. (Please notify Clarion of any Change.)

Alaska Fishermen—Meet Fridays during February, March, April and October, 49 Clay.
Asphalt Workers—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.
Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers No. 104—Meet Tuesdays, 224 Guerrero.
Auto and Carriage Painters—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 200 Guerrero.
Auto Mechanics No. 1305—Meet Thursdays, 236 Van Ness Ave.
Baggage Messengers—Meet 2nd Monday, 60 Market. Secretary, Chas. Fehl, 636 Ashbury.
Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor Temple.
Bakery Wagon Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Saturdays, 112 Valencia.
Barbers No. 148—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, 112 Valencia.
Bill Posters—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays 109 Jones.
Blacksmith and Helpers—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, Labor Temple.
Boilermakers No. 6—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Bookbinders—Office, room 804, 693 Mission. Meet 3rd Friday, Labor Temple.
Bottlers No. 293—Meet 3rd Tuesday, 177 Capp.
Boymakers and Sawyers—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 177 Capp.
Brewery Drivers—Meet 2nd Monday, 177 Capp.
Brewery Workmen No. 7—Meet 4th Thursday, 177 Capp.
Broom Makers—Meet last Saturday, Labor Temple.
Butchers No. 115—Meet Wednesday, Labor Temple.
Butchers No. 508—Meet 1st and 3rd Fridays, Masonic Hall, Third and Newcomb Sts.
Casket Workers No. 9—Meet 1st Tuesday, 16th and Valencia.

Cemetery Workers—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor Temple.
Cigarmakers—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 177 Capp.
Chauffeurs—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, California Hall, Turk and Polk.
Cooke No. 44—Meet 1st and 4th Thursdays at 8:30 p. m., 3rd Thursday at 2:30 p. m., 580 Eddy.
Coopers No. 65—Meet 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple.
Cracker Bakers No. 125—Meet 3rd Monday, Labor Temple.
Cracker Packers' Auxiliary—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 1524 Powell.
Draftsmen No. 11—Sec., Ivan Flamm, 261 Octavia St., Apt. 4.
Dredgemen No. 898—Meet 1st and 3rd Sundays, 105 Market.
Electrical Workers No. 151—Meet Thursdays, 112 Valencia.
Electrical Workers No. 6—Meet Wednesdays, 200 Guerrero.
Electrical Workers 537, Cable Splicers, Egg Inspectors—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Elevator Constructors and Operators—Meet 1st and 3rd Fridays, 200 Guerrero.
Federal Employees No. 1—Office, 746 Pacific Building. Meet 1st Tuesday, 414 Mason.
Federation of Teachers No. 61—Meet 2nd Monday, Room 227, City Hall.
Ferryboatmen's Union—Meet every other Wednesday, 59 Clay.
Garment Cutters—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Garment Workers No. 131—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays at 5 p. m., 2nd at 8 p. m., Labor Temple.
Glove Workers—Meet 1st Tuesday, Labor Temple.
Grocery Clerks—Meet 1st Thursday, Labor Temple.
Hatters No. 23—Sec., Jonas Grace, 1114 Mission.
Ice Drivers—Sec., V. Hummel, 3532 Anza. Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.
Iron, Steel and Tin Workers—Sec., John Coward, R. F. D. 1, Box 137, Colma, Cal. Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday, Metropolitan Hall, So. S. F.
Janitors No. 9—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Label Section—Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Labor Council—Meets Fridays, Labor Temple.
Laundry Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Laundry Workers No. 26—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, Labor Temple.

Letter Carriers—Sec., Thos. P. Tierney, 635a Castro. Meets 1st Saturday, 414 Mason.
Lithographers No. 17—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 273 Golden Gate Ave.
Longshore Lumbermen—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Machinists No. 68—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Mallers No. 18—Sec., George Wyatt, 3654 19th St. Meets 3rd Sunday, Labor Temple.
Material Teamsters No. 216—Meet Wednesdays, 200 Guerrero.
Metal Polishers—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, Labor Temple.
Milk Wagon Drivers—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Miscellaneous Employees No. 110—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 218 Fourth St.
Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple.
Molders' Auxiliary—Meet 1st Friday.
Moving Picture Operators—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 109 Jones.
Musicians No. 6—Meet 2nd Thursday; Ex. Board, Tuesday, 68 Haight.
Office Employees—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple. Office, 305 Labor Temple.
Pattermakers—Meet 2nd and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple.
Pavers—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple.
Paste Makers No. 10567—Meet last Saturday of month, 441 Broadway.
Photo Engravers—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple.
Picture Frame Workers—Sec., W. Wilgus, 461 Andover. Meet 1st Friday, Labor Temple.
Post Office Clerks—Meet 4th Thursday, Labor Temple.
Printing Pressmen—Office, 231 Stevenson. Meets 2nd Monday, Labor Temple.
Professional Embalmers—Sec., George Monahan, 3300 16th St.
Poultry Dressers No. 17732—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.
Rammermen—Sec., Chas. M. Gillen, 811 Vienna. Meet 2nd Monday.
Retail Clerks No. 432—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 150 Golden Gate Ave.
Retail Shoe Salesmen No. 410—Meet Tuesdays, 273 Golden Gate Ave.
Retail Delivery Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Riggers and Stevedores—Meet Mondays, 118 Steuart.



A Good Place to Trade COURTEOUS SERVICE BROAD ASSORTMENTS MODERATE PRICES

MARKET AT FIFTH SAN FRANCISCO

Sailors' Union of the Pacific—Meets Mondays, 59 Clay.
Sailmakers—Sec., Horace Kelly, 2558 29th Ave. Meet 1st Thursday, Labor Temple.
Sausage Makers—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 3033 Sixteenth.
Ship Clerks—10 Embarcadero.
Shipwrights No. 759—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Shipyard Laborers—Meet 1st and 3rd Fridays, Labor Temple.
Stable and Garage Employees—Meet 2nd Thursday, Labor Temple.
Stationary Engineers No. 64—Meet Tuesdays, 200 Guerrero.
Stationary Firemen—Meet Tuesday, Labor Temple.
Steam Fitters No. 590—Meet 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, Labor Temple.
Steam Shovel Men No. 29—Meet 1st Saturday, 268 Market.
Stereotypers and Electrotypers—Meet 3rd Sunday, Labor Temple.
Stove Mounters No. 61—Sec., Frank C. Pine, Newark, Cal.
Stove Mounters No. 62—Sec., Jas. McGinnis, 120 So. 6th St., Richmond, Calif.
Street Carmen, Div. 518—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.
Tailors No. 80—Office, Room 416, 163 Sutter. Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.
Teamsters No. 85—Meet Thursdays, 536 Bryant.
Theatrical Stage Employees—Office, 68 Haight. Meet 1st Saturday, Labor Temple.
Trackmen—Meet 4th Tuesday, Labor Temple.
Trades Union Promotional League, Room 304, Labor Temple. Phone Hemlock 2925.
Tunnel & Aqueduct Workers No. 45—Sec., James Giambruno, P. O. Box 3, Groveland, Calif.
Typographical No. 21—Office, 525 Market. Meets 3rd Sunday, Labor Temple.
United Laborers No. 1—Meet Tuesdays, 200 Guerrero.
Upholsterers No. 28—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple.
Watchmen No. 15689—Sec., E. Counihan, 146 Bosworth. Meets 3rd Thursday, Labor Temple.
Waiters No. 30—Wednesdays, 3 p. m., 1256 Market.
Waitresses No. 48—Meet 1st and 3rd Wednesdays at 8 p. m., 2nd and last at 3 p. m., 1171 Market.
Water Workers—Sec., Thos. Dowd, 214 27th St. Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple.
Web Pressmen—Meet 4th Sunday, Labor Temple.

LABOR CLARION

The Official Journal of the San Francisco Labor Council

VOL. XXIV

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1925

No. 19

Report on Legislation

Immediately upon adjournment of the Legislature there was issued to the labor press and to all Central Labor Councils a preliminary report on the disposition of Labor measures. The committee now submits a complete report on measures of interest to Labor showing:

1. Bills enacted into law.
2. Bills passed by the Legislature and vetoed by the governor.
3. Bills that failed to pass the Legislature.

The committee also submitted a report on the Labor Record of Legislators, based on 15 test votes in the Senate and 26 test votes in the Assembly. The report was discussed and unanimously approved. Copies will be furnished to all California labor papers at once and complete detailed records will be in print and available to the delegates at the San Diego convention.

The committee's report on the fate of bills introduced in the last Legislature follows:

Bills Enacted Into Law.

Strengthening the Semi-Monthly Pay Day Act—Assembly Bill No. 742, by Messrs. Levy and Hawes, provides that every violation of this act shall be a misdemeanor offense, and provides for an additional civil penalty of \$10 for each failure to pay each employee semi-monthly as provided in the act, such penalty to be collected through civil action by the Labor Commissioner. This act is modeled on the New York law which provides for a penalty of \$50 for each failure to pay and which was upheld as constitutional by the United States Supreme Court in a unanimous decision in 1914 in the case of Erie R. R. Co. vs. Williams, 233 U. S. 685.

Vocational Rehabilitation of Persons Disabled in Industry—Assembly Bills 64 and 65 by Mr. Eksward.

A. B. 64 is a deficiency appropriation bill of \$16,276.06. Two years ago the governor vetoed the \$35,000 annual appropriation by the Legislature to meet the Federal sum for rehabilitating injured workmen and denounced those who fought for the bill as "reactionary spendthrifts." The governor's approval of this bill is a confession that he was wrong two years ago.

A. B. 65 provides for the regular annual appropriation of \$35,000, which, together with a like amount from the Federal Government, will resume the rehabilitation work temporarily discontinued by Governor Richardson.

Payment of Wages on Public Work—Assembly Bill No. 895, by Mr. McDonough, facilitates the collection of wage claims from contractors on public work and provides that such claims shall have priority over other assignments.

Child Labor Law Strengthened—Senate Bills Nos. 470 and 471, by Senator Young. These measures restrict the employment of children in theatrical performances and facilitate the enforcement of the law by the Labor Commissioner.

Safeguarding Mechanics' Tools—Assembly Bill No. 718 by Mr. West. This measure re-enforces existing statutes regulating the purchase and sale of tools by pawnbrokers and second-hand dealers. It was designed to prevent the transfer of tools from one county to another.

Amendments to Workmen's Compensation, Insurance, and Safety Act.

Assembly Bill No. 155—By Mr. McDowell, strengthens the provisions of Section 46½ relating to unsafe places of employment and unsafe equipment. Adds at the end of the section the provision that any person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Assembly Bill No. 205—By Mr. Williamson, amends Section 29 of the Act. Specifies grounds for revoking an employer's certificate of consent to self-insurance. Provides a penalty if the employer fails to secure payment of compensation to an injured employee when the employer is self-insured. Provides that the Industrial Accident Commission may require an employer to make a written statement to show compliance with the employer's self-insurance provisions of this Act.

Senate Bill No. 516—By Senator Hurley, increases the allowance for funeral benefits from \$100 to \$150.

Senate Bill No. 519—By Senator Hurley, gives Compensation Claims preference over all other debts of the employer or his estate or the insurance carrier. Formerly Compensation Claims had preference only over all other "unsecured" debts of the employer.

Bills Passed by the Legislature and Vetoed by the Governor.

Regulating Advertising During Strikes, Etc.—Assembly Bill No. 250, by Messrs. Burns and Hornblower. This bill was drafted as a substitute for the existing law upon this subject which is generally acknowledged to be hopelessly inadequate. It provides that when a strike or lockout is in effect or is "anticipated" employers must so state in advertisements. Provision is also made for the payment of return transportation and reasonable expense to persons who have been procured in violation of the Act.

Old Age Pensions—Senate Bill No. 45, by Senator Murphy; Assembly Bill No. 4, by Mr. Byrne (companion bills). Under the terms of this measure a commission of three non-salaried members was to be appointed by the governor; a superintendent would be employed at not to exceed \$5000 a year; a pension board would be named in each county to serve without pay and local investigators would be employed at salaries not to exceed \$2000 annually. Persons over the age of 70 years, not inmates of any state or charitable institution and not having property in excess of \$3000, would be entitled to a pension not to exceed \$1 a day, providing they had resided in California 15 years.

Collection of Unpaid Wages—Assembly Bill No. 744, by Mr. Spaulding, enlarges the powers of the Labor Commissioner in the collection of wages, makes it a misdemeanor offense to ignore his subpoenas, giving him the right to apply directly to the court for warrants, etc.

Preferences for Citizens on Public Work—Senate Bill No. 472, by Senator Maloney. This is a new general law requiring that citizens and persons who have declared their intention to become citizens must be employed on public work whenever available.

Regulating Private Trade Schools—Senate Bill No. 434, by Senator Murphy. This bill was drafted to correct a long standing evil. Private

trade schools conducted for profit have been operating without any supervision whatever and have in many instances defrauded their pupils out of substantial sums by means of glowing promises that are never kept.

Regulation of Private Employment Agencies—Senate Bills Nos. 548, 549, 550 and 693, by Senator Fellow, provide further regulations for privately conducted employment agencies, and authorize the Labor Commissioner to enforce said regulations.

Assembly Bill No. 820—By Messrs. Williamson and Fry. Safeguarding wages in case of property attachment.

Credit Unions—Senate Bill No. 93, by Senators Hollister and Sample, provides for the organization of credit unions for the purpose of promoting thrift and creating a source of credit for its members.

Labor Liens on Lumber and Logs—Assembly Bill No. 715, by Mr. Jones, provides for liens upon lumber and logs by persons who have performed labor on such logs.

Relieving the Housing Shortage—Assembly Bill No. 256, by Mr. Hornblower. This bill was framed after the New York law where it has been given a fair trial and has been pronounced a genuine success. Under the existing California law insurance companies are permitted to own only the land on which their main office is located. Under the provisions of this bill insurance companies will be permitted to purchase land "providing apartments, tenements, or other dwelling houses are erected thereon within six months after the purchase of said land."

Protection for Alaska Cannery Workers—Assembly Bill No. 1107, by Mr. Hawes. This bill makes it a misdemeanor to induce persons to accept employment in another State or Territory by issuing "written or printed statements false in whole or in part" regarding the service to be performed, wages to be paid, sanitary conditions, etc.

Sanitary Facilities for Moving Picture Operators—Assembly Bill No. 223, by Mr. Wright. This bill enlarges the existing law providing sanitary facilities for moving picture operators. The present statute covers new construction only. The vast majority of moving picture houses are outside the scope of existing law.

Employment of Minors as Moving Picture Operators—Assembly Bill No. 171, by Mr. Browne, prohibits the employment of minors under 18 years of age on moving picture machines operated by motor.

Nomination of Presidential Electors—Assembly Bill No. 67, by Messrs. Mitchell, Burns and Hornblower. This is an amendment to Section 1188 of the Political Code and will permit the independent nomination of presidential electors either as individuals or by groups.

Enlarging the Absent Voters Law—Assembly Bills Nos. 683 and 1023, by Messrs. Crittenden and Walters, respectively. Both of these measures were vetoed by the governor. The Legislature, however, approved a Constitutional Amendment (A. C. A. 20, by Mr. Williamson), which will, if adopted by the people, greatly extend the franchise of voters absent from their homes on election day.

Strengthening Part Time Education Law—Assembly Bill No. 372, by Mr. Eksward. This is an amendment to existing law relating to Part Time Education for certain youths (14 to 18 years of age) by providing (1) for those who are employed, four hours a week of educational contact with direction and guidance, and (2) for those who are unemployed, twenty hours a week of guidance and training for employment.

Teachers' Tenure—Assembly Bill No. 1120, by Mr. Eksward. This is an amendment to existing law which provides that after a teacher has held her position satisfactorily for a period of two years she cannot thereafter be ousted except on a public hearing at which specific charges are proved. A recent court decision in Napa County said the law is invalid because it fails to include all teachers. The amendment, which the Governor vetoed, was intended to remove the legal objections by including all teachers.

Bills That Failed To Pass the Legislature.

Senate Bill No. 249—Jury trial in contempt cases.

Senate Bill No. 264—Anti-Blacklisting bill.

Senate Bill No. 193—One day of rest in seven.

Assembly Bill No. 941—Provides for liens upon crops by farm laborers who have cultivated and harvested such crops.

Senate Bill No. 135, and Assembly Bill No. 157—Strengthening the Women's Eight Hour law relating to work taken from factory to the home.

Senate Bill No. 118—Closing Public Schools on Labor Day.

Senate Bill No. 436—Change of Party Affiliation extended to date of Primary.

Assembly Bills Nos. 254, 441 and 508, also Senate Bills Nos. 467 and 560—Improving and strengthening various features of the Workmen's Compensation, Insurance and Safety Act.

BAKERS RAISE WAGES

The Spokane Bakers' Union has negotiated a new wage agreement. Rates for 80 per cent of these workers is advanced 50 cents a day. The others are increased \$2 a week.

Wielding the union label, the cigarmakers drove the Chinese out of their trade in 1874. The label has never known a serious setback since.

Coffee That Is?
MISSION DAIRY LUNCH
COR. 16TH AND VALENCIA STS.
S. C. Trauger, Prop.

You're right!
I wear
CAN'T BUST 'EM
overalls



They guarantee that
if the sewing ever rips
I'll get a new pair or
my money back.

Something to
crow about

CAN'T BUST 'EM
OVERALLS

UNION

UNION AND NON-UNION PUBLICATIONS
By H. R. Calhan.

There is no reason why any member of Organized Labor should purchase a publication issued under non-union conditions. There are any number of magazines, issued under strict union conditions, just as good and better than ANY magazine that is published under non-union conditions.

For instance, there is Ainslee's Magazine, the Popular Magazine, Cosmopolitan, Detective Story Magazine, Sea Stories Magazine, Complete Story Magazine and many others of the "popular" sort of magazines, which are published under union conditions.

Then, those who desire to peruse such publications as the Review of Reviews, Current Opinion and the Literary Digest can do so with the understanding that they are not alone reading the magazine of their choice, of that sort, but that the publication is being published under strict union conditions.

For the ladies there are the Designer, Good Housekeeping and other magazines that appeal to them, which may be had under union conditions. Then why the need to purchase other magazines of the same sort, perhaps not so good, turned out under non-union conditions?

For many years Collier's Weekly was published in New York City by P. F. Collier & Son, their subscription list being built up to a great extent through premiums in the nature of sets of books, which the firm turned out in immense quantities. The publication, as well as the books printed by P. F. Collier & Son, were turned out by means of union people.

Then, after the death of the elder Collier, the family sold the publication to the Crowell Publishing Company, of Springfield, Ohio, which, though publishing the American Magazine, The Mentor, Farm and Fireside and the Woman's Home Companion from their Springfield plant, still continued to publish Collier's Weekly in New York City.

Even after the Crowell firm locked out its employees in Springfield, Collier's Weekly was still printed for a time under union conditions in New York City. Later that publication was moved to Springfield and is now being published under non-union conditions, as are all the other publications of the Crowell Publishing Company, which have been referred to above.

To my notion, Liberty, the new weekly publication, has put it all over Collier's Weekly, and is just as good, if not better, than that publication was in its "palmy" days, when the price of Collier's Weekly was ten cents a copy. I was a subscriber to Collier's Weekly some years ago and, to my notion, Liberty, selling at five cents per copy, is as excellent a publication in every sense of the word, as was Collier's Weekly, even at that time, when the price of Collier's Weekly was ten cents a copy. Collier's Weekly (that now in name only, the founders having sold their interest in the publication) is issued under strict non-union conditions, while Liberty is issued under strict union conditions.

As I have shown above, no difference what sort, or class, of publication you may desire, it may be had under strict union conditions, so why spend your union earned money with non-union publishers, to be used against you in the "open shop" drive?

Labor's flag—the union label—keeps a just cause ever before the public.

SAN FRANCISCO OAKLAND BERKELEY

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Electric Washing Machines—All Makes
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DRAPERIES

CARPETS
On the
EASIEST TERMS

STOVES
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EASTERN
OUTFITTING CO.

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We Give and Redeem American Trading
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COMPLETE HOME FURNISHERS
Southeast Corner - 17th and Mission Sts.

COMPLETE HOME
FURNISHERS
ON CREDIT
HEADQUARTERS FOR
OCCIDENTAL
STOVES AND RANGES

Quality First
UNITED STATES
L A U N D R Y
Telephone
Market 1721
Finest Work on Shirts
and Collars

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The Vacation Hat

A new Lundstrom sports felt in colors of silver, champagne, nutria and battle. Roll it up and cram it into your suit case. It won't wrinkle. Union-Made Price \$5.00

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HAT COMPANY

167 Powell St. 3242 Mission St. 1457 Fillmore St.
605 Kearny St. 1080 Market St. 226 W. Fifth St.
720 Market St. 2640 Mission St. Los Angeles
26 Third St. Also Agents for Stetson

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Exceptional Values in Guaranteed All Wool Suits
Complete line of Union Made Furnishings
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MISSION STREET

\$35.00

JOHNSON'S

Next to
New Mission Theatre

OLD PLAN IN NEW GARB

The company "union" has a double value to trade union opponents.

It permits these employers to retain as complete control of working conditions as in the days of the so-called "open" shop, and it drugs employees into the belief that they really own themselves.

The so-called "open" shop plan often aroused resentment among unorganized. It was avowedly based on the principle of individual bargaining. It ignored the group instinct of every human being.

Forced to fight against the spirit of the age, the so-called "open" shop employer has abandoned his frontal attack on the trade unions. Now he makes a flank movement.

He has concluded there is nothing crafty or cunning in opposing trade unionism with gunmen and spies. This method is vulgar and crude in an age of efficiency and social engineering. So he substitutes honey for open antagonism.

He presents his company "union" and sells a few shares of company stock to his employees on the installment plan.

The company "union" plan is bedecked with every alluring term and catchy phrase that skilled advertisers and trained psychologists can invent.

The employer prepares the constitution and by-laws. He pays all expenses. His superintendents and foremen take an active part in the election of "union" representatives, who meet in the employer's office.

Trade unionists should be alert to the new method of noiseless attack by employers who have awakened to the value of posing as a "friend."

Organized labor must continually point out that members of a company "union" have no more control of themselves than they had under the so-called "open" shop plan.

Now, as then, they are deluded by phrase mongering.

UNIONS CAN ENFORCE REGULATIONS.

The New York court of appeals has upheld the jurisdiction of international unions in enforcing laws upon local units.

The court reverses lower courts which denied the right of the United Association of Plumbers and Steamfitters to order the locals of White Plains and Tarrytown to unite with the local in Yonkers.

From a geographical standpoint, the three towns are practically one, and the general executive board of the United Association instructed President Coefield to perfect their amalgamation. This was opposed by the White Plains and Tarrytown unionists, who carried the matter to the courts that ruled against the United Association.

These decisions are reversed by the court of appeals which upholds the long line of decisions that courts can not interfere with a voluntary association as long as its conduct accords with its constitution and by-laws.

DEMAND THE UNION LABEL

ON YOUR PRINTING, BOOKBINDING
AND PHOTO ENGRAVING

If a firm cannot place the Label of the
Allied Printing Trades Council on your
Printing, it is not a Union Concern.

ANCIENT SPY SYSTEM

Writing in a local newspaper against the proposal that all aliens in this country be registered, Congressman Celler declares that this "is only an entering wedge to greater danger."

"Already," said Mr. Celler, "the police commissioner of New York City, having returned from South America, brings back the idea that in addition to the registration of aliens, which he has recommended, all citizens should be compelled to carry finger-printed cards of identification with photographs affixed. We are told that the honest citizen can get his card for \$1. The crook, however, as the system is worked in South America, can not get one; without a card, we are told, he can not get employment. It seems to me that under these circumstances he would rob all the more diligently, because he could not get means of subsistence by work."

In answer to the claim that the registration system would prevent smuggling or "bootlegging" of aliens, Congressman Celler says these advocates are "enthusiastically misguided."

"Registration of aliens has always been utterly foreign to us," said Mr. Celler. "It would give rise to an espionage that would be as remorseless as it would be cruel. It would be harking back to the European spy system."

"We have had sad experiences with previous attempts to register aliens. It was the enforcement of the alien and sedition laws by the Federalist party under President Adams, back in 1800, that swept the federalists from power and gave rise to the Democratic-Republican party and the consequent election of Thomas Jefferson."

WAIT FOR INSURANCE PLAN.

In a statement to central labor unions, Matthew Woll, chairman of the A. F. of L. special committee on insurance, asks organized labor to withhold endorsements of all insurance proposals until the committee reports.

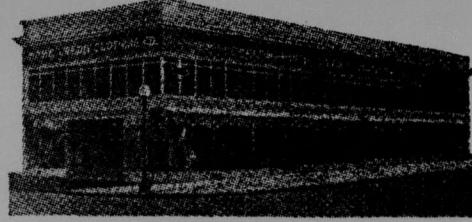
The committee consists of Messrs. Woll and George W. Perkins and is under instructions to study the subject of insurance. Mr. Woll states that a report, with recommendations of fundamental importance, will be issued in the near future.

Efforts to interest trade unions in private insurance undertakings will interfere with the more comprehensive and more effective plans the A. F. of L. special committee on insurance is developing and will soon present to the officers of national and international unions, said Mr. Woll.

"You are, therefore, urged to withhold favorable consideration to any such proposals until the submission of the A. F. of L. committee report and thus enable us to unite the forces of labor on the subject of insurance and prevent division in our ranks, which can only benefit private insurance companies."

ICE CREAM HOLES ARE COSTLY

The public eats a billion quarts of ice cream annually, but one-fifth of this is air holes which means a loss of \$66,000,000, according to Joseph G. Rogers, secretary of the New Jersey Department of Weights and Measures.

**HOME OF
GENEROUS CREDIT**

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FUNERAL SERVICE THAT SAVES AND SERVES

The States
Restaurant
MARKET AT 4TH, SAN FRANCISCO

W. D. Fennimore A. R. Fennimore
J. W. Davis

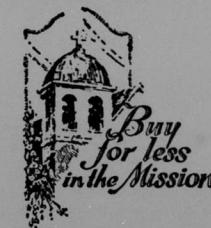
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Labor Clarion

Published Weekly by the S. F. Labor Council



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JAMES W. MULLEN.....Editor
Telephone Market 56
Office, S. F. Labor Temple, 2940 Sixteenth Street
MEMBER OF
UNITED LABOR PRESS OF CALIFORNIA

FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1925

The Chronicle composing room force last week got out a neat, attractive and interesting little publication called "Squirts," which contained matter of historical and technical interest to printers generally. It was printed on good paper and when it is taken into account that it was printed on a proof-press, the mechanical achievement is worthy of the highest praise. Whether it is to be a regular thing in its present form is not stated in its pages, though the main purpose seems to be in the interest of a mutual aid organization in the composing room.

The California Liberator, official organ of the California Anti-Saloon League, now admits that the prohibition law "was generally in advance of matured public opinion," but apparently it is without shame for the part it played in sneaking the law through on the people of the State of California in spite of the fact that they voted overwhelmingly against prohibition before the Legislature ratified the Federal Constitutional amendment. Neither does the publication indicate any shame over the crimes that are being committed as a direct outgrowth of the disregard for law that followed the placing of such legislation upon the statute books of the Nation and the State.

At last the first of the trials growing out of the oil scandals has been decided in favor of the people. The judge in the United States District Court at Los Angeles orders the cancellation of the Elk Hill lease to Doheny. He rules that the president exceeded his power in permitting Fall to make the lease and that the famous \$100,000 transferred from Doheny to Fall constituted fraud. Of course this case will be appealed as far as possible by Doheny, but this first decision is tremendously encouraging. Nominally it is a victory for the Government. In reality, if by Government one means the Administration, credit for the victory goes not to it, but to men like Senators Walsh and Wheeler, who forced it reluctantly to enter these suits. Meanwhile, in the criminal proceedings the oil men and Fall have been reindicted for conspiracy, but reindictment for the more serious charge of bribery cannot be had under the statute of limitation. Unless, therefore, the higher courts reverse the lower court in dismissing the original indictments on a technicality which the government attorneys ought to have avoided, the men guilty of the fraud which the judge denounced in the civil suit will escape serious punishment.

Hunting Utopia

Every little while an individual will drop into this office and ask permission and time to present a scheme whereby the toilers may travel to that land of nowhere, generally spoken of as Utopia, and in nearly every instance there is unmistakable sincerity sticking out all over these persons. They are in earnest and are sure that they have hit upon the right road, but always it involves the necessity for the labor movement giving up very largely the struggle in which it is now engaged and launching out upon an uncharted sea for a harbor that no man has ever before visited.

It is useless to try to cut such persons short in their presentation by telling them that ever since the time of Plato down to the present day men have been going out on trips of exploration in their day dreams in search of Utopia and that no one has yet even remotely approached the sought for goal. Nor does it avail anything to inform them that the modern labor movement is a here-and-now bread-and-butter proposition which cannot afford to spend its energies upon anything but clearly practical problems that hold out the hope of almost immediate results. They will respond by agreeing that everybody has heretofore failed, but they are such hopeful souls and so sure of the correctness of their theories that they believe they are bound to succeed if they can but induce humanity to line up with them in their efforts. They also invariably endeavor to make it plain to us that labor need not entirely abandon its course, but should devote some of its time and attention to a search outside its present field, and that this could be done without serious harm to the millions of toilers dependent upon it.

We have all heard the story of the fellow who traveled throughout the world in search of a four-leaf clover only to return and find one in his own dooryard, and many have read Carlyle's "Sartor Resartus" wherein he points out to us that the things we are in search of are with us now if we will but reach out and take possession of them. This idea is particularly applicable to the United States, yet there has, perhaps, been more excursions in search of Utopia here than anywhere else in the world because this has been the promised land to so many dreamers, a place where they might try out their theories with the best chance of success. Here millions in money and time without reckoning have been devoted to experimenting with schemes of the dreamers only to fall by the wayside in the whirling progress of a practical world, and, in most cases, to leave the experimenters more sorrowful but much wiser men.

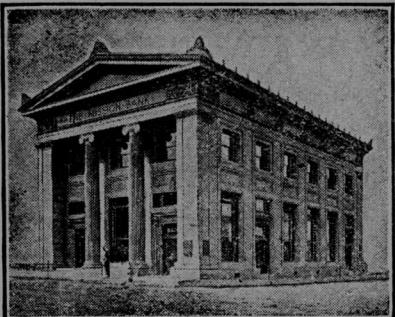
A man came in only last Saturday with a scheme to start for Utopia by organizing a small colony, and he pointed to the fact that a colony started in New York nearly a hundred years ago is still in existence. He had in mind the Amana colony, now located in Iowa and composed of simple, unambitious Dutch from Holland, which is not now much larger than in the beginning and which depends upon recruits from the Old Country to keep it going. It is true the colony has grown in wealth, but otherwise there is little or no difference after a hundred years of patience and prayer and toil, and the members get little benefit out of the gain in wealth, yet the recent visitor had as his scheme something very similar as a way out of our present trials and tribulations.

The workers know what they have in the present labor movement and they are builders rather than destructionists. It is therefore, not possible for anyone to induce the great majority of them to neglect, give up or destroy their unions unless they are given a practical and certain structure that is better to take the place of the organizations out of which they are now getting very good results, even if the progress is not rapid enough to suit the chasers after Utopia.

SHIRTS—UNDERWEAR—TIES
 \$1.85 to \$3.15 \$1.25, \$2, \$2.65, \$4.75 95c to \$1.85
 UNION-MADE and sold direct from FACTORY-TO-WEARER
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THE
**UNION
 LABEL**
 On every one of these items

The First Bank in the
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THE MISSION BANK

SAFE DEPOSIT DEPARTMENT
THE COST--Slightly over One Cent a Day
THE RESULT - Security - No Worry

Leave your valuables in a Safe Deposit Box
 or Store Your Suit Cases, Bulky Packages,
 and Trunks in this Bank while on your
 vacation. Storage Rates on Application.

THE MISSION BANK

Member Federal Reserve System

Sixteenth Street and Julian Avenue



Meter Readers are accurate

However, should the Company's Meter Reader make an error and over-read or under-read your Meter, the misreading will automatically correct itself the following month, unless the amount consumed is less than the minimum.

Should such error occur, please notify the Company promptly so that correction may be made.

Learn how to read your meter. Ask for instructions at our office.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

P.G. and E.
 "PACIFIC SERVICE"

11-325

THE CHERRY TREE

Where with our Little Hatchet we tell the truth about many things, sometimes profoundly, sometimes flippantly, sometimes recklessly.

Cities are queer things. They are full of all sorts of interesting sights. They have little nooks and corners characteristic of themselves. Each has something that you don't find in other cities.

* * *

Tampa, Florida, has the most Chesterfieldian traffic cops in the United States. They wave traffic forward with a gesture worthy of an orating Demosthenes. Involuntarily, every time you see that grand gesture, you look for the back drops and reach for a program. You think you're watching a theatrical performance. It is pleasing, friendly, magnificent.

* * *

Tucson, Arizona, has a little plaza where Mexican-American life mingles in languid contemplation. Each loiterer has his troubles and problems, but to the eye nothing but a serenity born of deep philosophy is visible. All seems to indicate that "the first hundred years are the hardest," and so there's nothing to get excited about.

* * *

Los Angeles has four parallel streets which are set off from each other by a distinct and sharply graded difference in the character of the business and the people thereon. There are four thoroughfares laid out for four different classes of people—classed as to wealth, of course. The aristocracy of soul and spirit goes where it listeth, not being bound by superficial boundaries and markings.

* * *

Milwaukee, Wisconsin, has a lake shore park—named after Solomon Juneau—that is a delight on summer nights and a thing of awe and splendor on sleet or snow bound days of winter. It is the free playground of all people, a real sight to see.

* * *

Oshkosh, Wisconsin, has a yacht club on beautiful Lake Winnebago (a name that writes its own music) and from the landing by the club house is one of the rare views of one of the Badger State's rare lakes. But of course the poor folks of Oshkosh get their views somewhere else.

* * *

Atlanta, Georgia, doesn't boast about its hills, but it has 'em, high, wide and fancy. Its downtown section has much the structure of a wheel and, to the visitor, the wheel keeps turning around and around. Perhaps it's a curious thing to single out, but Atlanta has one of the most beautifully decorated cafeterias in the country.

* * *

San Francisco says to the visitor, "We know what we can do, and we do it; but we're not boasting about it." On the main streets are monuments to labor worth going to see. But the city's best monument to labor is the labor movement itself.

* * *

Detroit, Michigan, in summer hurls clouds of dust in your eyes and surrounds you with automobiles. It has the air of a city got together in a great hurry, but not carelessly; and of a city always in a hurry to move on.

* * *

Cincinnati, Ohio, is like a city that had to be put where it is because no other place would do. Down in a hill-surrounded pocket of alternating cold and heat, why would it have settled there if it hadn't just had to do it? But the hills on the outskirts! Beauty laden, breeze-swept approaches to the celestial gates.

TYPOGRAPHICAL TOPICS

This union was called upon last Saturday to pay its last respects to one of its old-time members in the passing of John Monahan, who died at the family home, 449 Duboce Avenue, on June 3, 1925, the cause of death being chronic myocarditis. Mr. Monahan was a native of Australia and was 71 years of age. He is survived by one daughter in this city, and a son, Harry Monahan, now a resident of New York. The funeral was held Saturday from the funeral parlors of Carew & English, and the body conveyed to Mission Dolores church, where solemn high mass was said for the repose of his soul, followed by interment in Holy Cross cemetery. Mr. Monahan came to San Francisco nearly 60 years ago, and for many years operated his own printing plant here. In later years he disposed of his plant and occasionally worked in different shops about the city. Until his passing he had been in his usual health, but death overtook him while asleep and his body was found the following morning by his daughter.

This week witnessed the starting of a new plant in this city when the Shopping News occupied the lower floor of the Alex Dulfer Building at 853 Howard Street. The Shopping News has been composed in the Sunset plant for several years and printed in the Recorder press room. Several months ago arrangements were made for installing their own plant and the Dulfer Building was selected. Ira E. Stuck, ad foreman on the Bulletin, was hired as foreman, and immediately began selection and installation of machinery. Two edition of the Shopping News will be printed and distributed each week. The composing room force is as follows: Ira E. Stuck, W. G. Landreth, Harry Crotty, G. E. Miller, W. W. Ford, Neal Henderson and W. P. Nagle, apprentice.

In a recent issue of this publication it was reported that S. Vance Cagley had secured quarters in the John Henry Nash Building, now under construction. This was an error, and Mr. Cagley can now be found in the building which has just been completed at 348 Sacramento Street, where he will be glad to meet his friends and customers.

J. M. Wolff, publisher of the California Druid, leaves this week for Burbank, where he will attend the state convention of the Druids as a delegate.

The benefit recently given by the Crocker-Amazon Park Improvement club members for the widow of the late T. J. Hurley netted something over \$500 for Mrs. Hurley. A check for \$125.50 was forwarded to Mrs. Hurley for tickets sold to members of No. 21.

E. A. Eickworth, who recently underwent an operation in Letterman hospital, announced this week that he had celebrated that event by trading his old Ford for a new Star coach. "Ike" refused to say whether the old Ford had anything to do with his operation, but does aver that the comforts of the new closed car are beyond his fondest expectations.

Mr. Crotty, known to newspaper typos by the euphonic moniker, Handsome Harry, witty enough

"Do You Know Where Your Savings Account Would Go?"

if you were to be suddenly taken from this world? You know if it is a Trust Fund Savings Account. Booklet on request.

HUMBOLDT BANK
SAVINGS COMMERCIAL TRUST
783 Market Street, near Fourth
San Francisco, California

to be a comedian, who makes up as a side line and incidentally for a living, began operations on the Shopping news Monday.

Following the death of Darrough J. DeGaa, the Illustrated Daily Herald chapel passed the following resolutions:

Whereas, An all-wise Providence has seen fit to take from us our fellow-worker, Darrough J. De Gaa, and,

Whereas, The members of the Illustrated Daily Herald Chapel sincerely mourn his untimely end, and,

Whereas, At a meeting of this Chapel it was ordered that an expression of our regard for him and our deep sympathy be extended to his bereaved family, and,

Whereas, The meeting of this Chapel was adjourned out of respect for the memory of our deceased friend; now, therefore,

Be It Resolved, That we do hereby extend our condolence to those who, being nearest him, most keenly feel the bereavement of his untimely death.

V. S. PASTOR	W. E. YNGNE
H. CROTTY	M. Q. CAUGHLREAN
J. SERRANO	T. MELVIN
D. E. COLEMAN	FRANK A. MEYER
N. L. CREBASSA	M. E. TORELL

San Francisco, May 28, 1925.

Ben Stauffer, president of San Mateo union, who has been confined to Letterman hospital for several weeks, last week underwent an operation for the removal of a foreign bone growth in his nose. He expects to leave the hospital in a few days.

For several months past the Western States Life Insurance Company has been operating its own printing plant in the basement of its building at Second and Market Streets. A union pressman has been employed almost continuously, and this week President Stauffer was successful in convincing them of the many benefits that would accrue were the entire plant made union, hence we are able to announce that both the composing room and pressroom will be conducted on a union basis hereafter, and our members who have been contemplating insuring through the Western States will now know that the place is thoroughly fair.

F. W. Haydock, San Francisco Composition Company, leaves this week for a two weeks' vacation in Yosemite Valley.

Walter Gafe, ad skipper on the Examiner, is spending a six weeks' vacation touring and fishing in the mountains of California. "Bob" Hetherington is subbing for Gafe.

Charles Houck has returned from a visit to Los Angeles and is again chasing commas on the Examiner.

Bert Allyn, who spent several days in Letterman hospital and at his home on account of illness, is again tapping the keys in the Examiner chapel.

A year ago the Crocker-Union company realized the value of giving their employees a vacation with pay, and as a result different of the employees are enjoying that period of recreation. Those employees who have been with the firm for one year receive one week's vacation with pay, those who have been employed for five years or more receive two weeks. This is one of the very best methods of rewarding faithful and continuous employment and the Crocker-Union Company is to be congratulated upon this forward step.

R. E. Morton, Mergenthaler chapel, has been

WHERE YOUR \$ BUYS MORE

**ROSENTHAL'S
SALES STORES**

2415 MISSION—Near 20th

Lowest prices and biggest values in
Dry Goods, Furnishings, Groceries,
Shoes and Tobacco

Every sale backed by our
IRON CLAD MONEY BACK
GUARANTEE

JACHMAN BROS.
Mission at 16th
Phone Hemlock 3300
GIVE TIME ON FURNITURE

8 BUILDINGS—30 FLOORS

GOOD FURNITURE
LOWEST PRICES
LIBERAL TERMS

FREE RENTAL BUREAU—FREE DELIVERY
STOVES SET UP—FLOOR COVERINGS LAID

**HOME
FURNISHINGS**

PAY AS YOU EARN

**The A. COHEN FURNITURE
COMPANY**

2045 Mission St. Bet. 16th and 17th

**EVERYTHING
FOR THE
HOME
EASY TERMS**

Sterling
FURNITURE COMPANY
BUNSTER & SAXE
1049 MARKET STREET
GRANADA THEATRE DIRECTLY OPP.

We carry a complete run of
all size of this well-known
and well-made overall.

DAVIS' DEPT. STORE
MISSION, NEAR TWENTY-SECOND

**HEADLIGHT
OVERALLS**
UNION MADE
Guaranteed to Outwear two Ordinary Pair

confined to his home for three weeks by illness. Word was received in this city Thursday morning of the death of Stewart Fisk, which occurred in Oakland sometime during Wednesday night. Mr. Fisk is a brother of Carroll Fisk of the Hancock chapel. Funeral arrangements have not been completed as this goes to press.

A letter from C. J. Mills states that all the San Francisco contingent at the Home are getting along fine. He and Leo Kern are in the tent colony at present. Mr. Mills expects to be able to return to California later in the summer.

G. E. Appleby, Recorder chapel, is spending a couple of weeks in San Diego visiting his father and enjoying a vacation.

W. S. Leslie, Daily News machinist, left Sunday for his annual vacation. He loaded his Maxwell with equipment and provisions bent on a two or three months' trip, during which period he intends to visit Lake Tahoe, thence to Yellowstone National Park, Ranier National Park, visiting with friends in Butte and Anaconda, and a trip to British Columbia, returning by way of Seattle and Crater Lake. This is all familiar ground to Mr. Leslie, he having rode a bicycle over a good portion of the route during the days when bicycle touring was popular.

Bulletin Chapel Notes—By L. L. Heagney.

This should be an interesting summer to George B. Dillon. Leaving here Mr. Dillon started for Denver on the first lap of a tour which will land him in Salt Lake; from thence to the Home in Colorado Springs; whence he will jog to New Orleans, then us to Chicago and from there to that grand old state of Iowa for a visit. Coming back George will hesitate a while in both San Diego and Los Angeles. Though the duration of his absence is uncertain, Mr. Dillon estimates it at two months.

Bulletin prints have only one solution to offer of Orville Hopkins spending a fortnight in Los Angeles without displacing either Doug Chaplin or Charley Fairbanks from movie world eminence. Which is: Orville was vacationing and didn't try.

No more bean banquets for Herb Hail. He can afford ham, even hamburger, since Sunday, when the boss got enlargement of the cardia and made him a regular. This rise in the world apparently hasn't given Herb cranial expansion—he still speaks to subs.

The Bulletin is more than passing well represented on Ira Stuck's Shopping News crew, Neal Henderson, a most capable combination proof-reader and operator, having affixed his John Henry to the pay roll Monday. Besides Messrs. Stuck and Henderson, other Bulletin typos are Bill Landreth and W. W. Ford.

Expressing it mildly, Mack Ward kinda crowded the mountain outing season, but a strong desire to inhale rarified ozone urged him to enter the Feather River country vacation bent two weeks ago and got to Mohawk before realizing he should have waited two weeks. He was snowed in just that calendar period.

A hat store was giving six stiff tickets to the fight with each skypiece sold, to advertise a brand of headwear, and an unwashed rumor says that Larry Hendricks and Art Mette took advantage of its generosity to show themselves at the Godfrey-Renault scrap in straws with Spanish veranda tilts to the brims. Of course, too, it's possible Larry is mediumistic and on this particular Saturday could have been nursing the hunch to scatter dough like he knew where he could get more. This astral stuff gets over some times. A wireless wave must have registered on the skipper's subconsciousness, because Larry showed Sunday to find himself a regular.

Chronicle Chapel Notes—By H. J. Benz.

Johnny Collins, who helped raise the Chronicle from a "pup," left the latter part of last week for a ten-day tour of Lake and Mendicino counties

in his new Star sedan. As Johnny said, "it is just a preliminary trip to break in the car and get in trim for the big jaunt a little later on in the season," when he expects to be gone six weeks.

Ashton A. Wells, jovial skipper of the motley horde that infests the Chronicle composing room, left last Saturday for a two weeks' vacation and rest. Skipper Wells expects to spend most of the time in Los Angeles and vicinity, figuring the attractions there being all that could be expected, even to including Tijuana.

J. Heilman started out with hopes running high in anticipation of an outing in the great out-of-doors, but after many a soaking and hiring of spans of trusty mules to pull his old bus out of mud holes, he became disgusted and headed the old Lizzy for home. Jerry intended to tour the Northwest over a period of a month or so, but Yosemite Valley was as far as he got; and he says he had more than enough of a "vacation."

W. E. Isaacs, copyholder, decided to spend his vacation at Santa Cruz in order to be able to view the large collection of bathing beauties from all over the State. Rising early and donning a bathing suit so as to be appropriately attired and securing a point of vantage in the front ranks, Ed sat and basked in the warm sun many hours before the array of prize winners arrived. Toward evening Ed's mind was sharply distracted from the wonderful sights, as Old Sol had got in his deadly work, so he cut his vacation short and is under the care of a doctor.

H. O. Walcott returned last Tuesday from Truckee, where he was called the first of last week on account of the serious illness of his aged mother. Heinie reports his mother has recovered sufficiently to be out of danger.

Sunset Chapel Notes.

With the departure of Shopping News to its new home a number of changes will occur in Sunset. George Moore, the skipper, has already resigned and left Monday for the old "Mother Lode" country. He loaded the old Ford with all things necessary for a prolonged stay in the mountains and announced his intention of staying out until snow falls. Included in his outfit was a fine fishing outfit and he will look for gold along the principal trout streams of Calaveras county.

E. Sebring will leave about July first for a lengthy tour of the northwest. He expects to meet George Crawford, ex-Shopping News adman, in Grant's Pass on the Fourth of July. The latter will spend the summer fishing and hunting in Southern Oregon. Dave Olwell and Al Mendoza are now employed in the bookroom.

John Boyd of the monotype room, will leave about July 1st for a month or two in New York and other Eastern points.

Henry Wiebush is sporting a new car and is rapidly becoming proficient. He may be seen at any time now as far south as Colma.

Isaac Green, of the jobroom, has departed on his annual vacation, which, it is perhaps needless to say, will be spent in the country. "Ike" does his hunting with a fine camera and is seldom disappointed as to the results.

Charlotte McKeown, of the proofroom, left June 13th for Yosemite and expects to remain there two weeks.

L. W. Monson, an old time Sunset man, is

again with us and back on his old job as tariff makeup.

A. L. Struck is another newcomer. He is employed in the monotype room.

CONDEMS LABOR SHARKS.

Employment agencies in Los Angeles were condemned by Chief of Police Heath, who urged the adoption of measures to control these exploiters. The police official said these agencies are guilty of sharp practices, excessive charges and other outrageous methods.

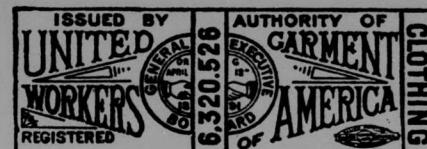
"Workers seeking employment are imposed upon," he said. "They are burdened with debt, harassed personally and brought to the courts at the very time they are struggling to survive their jobs."

The chief's position is in line with organized labor's demand that private employment offices be controlled.

Enlightened humanity threw off the yoke of military aristocracy. How long will it take the hosts, served by the union label, to outlaw industrial exploitation?

PROTECT YOURSELF AND YOUR FAMILY AGAINST SICKNESS AND DISEASE

By seeing that this label is on the garments you buy, such as ready-made suits, shirts, overalls and work garments of all kinds.



Do not be deceived by imitation labels. Be sure that the serial number on the label is in the center, and not on the ends of the label. This label of the United Garment Workers of America is the only one recognized by the American Federation of Labor on ready-made suits, shirts, overalls and work garments. It is the legitimate label, and stands for fair pay, reasonable working conditions and clean, sanitary factories. Without it you can never be sure that garments were not made in penitentiaries or sweatshops, under disease-spreading conditions. With it you get the assurance that your own or your family's health will not be endangered by garments manufactured amidst filth and by workers suffering from infectious or contagious diseases.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to be on the safe side except the precaution to look for the presence of the above bona fide label of the United Garment Workers of America.

Accept No Imitation or Substitute

United Garment Workers of America

Local Union No. 131,
San Francisco, Cal.

EASY TERMS

NO INTEREST CHARGED

UNION MUSIC CO.

2706 MISSION STREET AT 23RD

NEW AND USED PIANOS, PHONOGRAHS AND RADIOS

Show your Union Card; we will allow you Special Discount of 10% on any purchase

SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL

Synopsis of Minutes of June 5, 1925.

Meeting called to order at 8:15 p. m., by President Wm. Stanton.

Roll Call of Officers—All present.

Reading Minutes—Minutes of the previous meeting approved as printed in the Labor Clarion.

Application for Affiliation—From the Post Office Laborers' Union, inclosing applications for affiliation and credentials for its delegates. On motion the communication was referred to the Organizing Committee.

Credentials—From Cooks' Union No. 44, Robert Hollis, vice Joe Dodge. Post Office Laborers, Thomas Flynn, Wm. Colbert. Delegates seated.

Communications—Filed—Minutes of the Building Trades Council. From Blacksmith-Helpers' Union No. 168, thanking the Council, Brothers T. A. Reardon, John A. O'Connell, Wm. P. McCabe, for their efforts in behalf of their members employed by the Municipal Government. From Representatives in Congress Lawrence Flaherty and Mrs. Julius Kahn, regarding our Hetch Hetchy Hydro Electric Power from the office of the Mayor, acknowledging receipt of the Council's resolutions dealing with the question of the distribution of hydro-electric energy developed at Hetch Hetchy. From the Bulletin, thanking the Council for its courtesy extended to Miss Walters of the Happyland Department.

Referred to Executive Committee—From the Wheeler Defense Committee, requesting financial assistance to carry on its work. From the American Federation of Labor, relative to the Label Campaign which is to be carried on by the A. F. of L.

Requests Complied With—From Retail Shoe Clerks' Association, requesting that Delegate Frank O'Brien be excused from attending meetings until July. From the Typographical Union No. 21, requesting the Council to in turn request the representatives from this district to assist in securing a complete and thorough investigation of the Government Printing Office in Washington, D. C.

Referred to Law and Legislative Committee—Resolutions submitted by Registrar Zemansky,

with reference to an ordinance passed by the Board of Supervisors, declaring it the intention of said City and County to join with other counties of the State of California in the formation of a bridge and highway district for the purpose of ascertaining the feasibility of constructing the Golden Gate Bridge, and requesting the Council to submit names of volunteers to circulate petitions for the establishment of the district.

Resolutions—Were submitted by Delegate O'Connell (Teamsters), requesting this Council to endorse the plan for the establishment of a high school as a memorial to Rev. Peter C. York. Moved that the resolutions be adopted; carried.

The resolution reads:

Whereas, There is a proposal before the citizenship of this community, in a fitting and signal manner to perpetuate the memory of Rev. Peter C. Yorke; and

Whereas, In conformity with the life and character of this eminent and forward-looking leader in the cause of human betterment and social progress, no finer or more suitable monument could be erected in his honor than an institution for the education of the youth of coming generations into the principles and ideals for which he strove in life and through which alone his hopes for human advancement may be realized; and

Whereas, In line with this thought and sentiment, it is being proposed to raise funds for the erection and endowment of a high school to be dedicated to the youth of the city, for their education and enlightenment into the true path of knowledge and human endeavor; and

Whereas, Members of Organized Labor in this city owe an immense debt of gratitude to Father Yorke, who in the troublous and perilous times of 1901 and many years thereafter fought in the defense and aid of Organized Labor with unselfish devotion, utmost energy and surpassing ability, and it is therefore meet and proper that Organized Labor in some measure pay tribute to the memory of this, its great friend and champion, and assist in the worthy movement to commemorate his character and influence unto future generations; therefore be it

Resolved, That this Council heartily endorses the plan for the establishment of a high school as a memorial to Rev. Peter C. Yorke, and respect-

fully recommends and appeals to all members and organizations of labor in this city, as well as all friends and admirers generally, to make generous contributions to the fund for said memorial, and thereby in a lasting and worthy manner show their respect and gratitude to a man, who so unselfishly, ably and energetically ever came to the defense and aid of any cause, when that cause was in danger and need of assistance in its striving for liberty and justice, and further

Resolved, That for the purpose of carrying out the spirit of this resolution and secure co-operation between all organizations and individuals interested in the promotion of this project, the President of this Council be and is hereby authorized and directed to appoint a representative from each of the affiliated unions, and further

Resolved, That copies of this resolution be forwarded to the affiliated unions.

Reports of Unions—Hatters—Will have an International Representative on the Coast very soon to conduct an intensive campaign for the union label. Auto Mechanics—Have made progress in organizing; will keep charter open for thirty days. Cracker Bakers—Have concluded negotiations with employers for another year; National Biscuit Company still unfair. Janitors—Are making

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Family Dance Pavilion
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Invitations, Menus, Dance Programs
Greeting Cards
Union Label Water Marked Paper Always on Hand

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NEAR POSTOFFICE SAN FRANCISCO

Pin this Down, Friend Smoker

That nothing short of
such fine old tobaccos
in such a perfect bal-
anced blend, ever could
have made so many
continuous smokers of



CLOWN
CIGARETTES
A Balanced Blend

progress organizing; have purchased tickets for Molders' Picnic.

Label Section—Requested a demand for the union label, card and button; will make a good demonstration on Labor Day.

The chair introduced Henry Nolda, International Representative of the Upholsterers' Union, who addressed the Council and told of conditions throughout the southern states.

Auditing Committee—Reported favorably on all bills and warrants were ordered drawn for same.

Organizing Committee—Reported favorably on the application for affiliation from the Post Office Laborers and recommended that its delegates be seated. Report concurred in.

Receipts—\$386.25. Expenses—\$217.77.

Adjourned at 9 p. m.

JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

BREWERY WORKERS WIN

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 2, 1925.

We are pleased to inform you that a satisfactory settlement has been made with the Schlitz Beverage Company, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and our International Union, whereby this firm will again operate under strictly union conditions. We, therefore, certify that Schlitz, known as "the drink that made Milwaukee famous," is made by union labor, and we recommend that you again patronize places which sell "Schlitz" and prove to non-union breweries that Organized Labor has power.

The Pabst Brewing Company, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and The Milwaukee-Waukesha Brewing Company, of Waukesha, Wisconsin, (also known as the Fox Head Springs Beverage Company) are still unfair to Organized Labor.

We take this opportunity to express our sincere thanks for your splendid moral support, which has been very helpful to us in gaining recognition of our organization, and we urge you to continue giving us your full support as in the past.

With best wishes, we are,

JOHN RADER,
JOSEPH OBERGFELL,
General Secretaries.

LAWMAKERS SCORED BY GARY.

The independent members of congress were scored by Judge Gary of the steel trust at the annual meeting of the American Iron and Steel Institute.

The judge has figured out that but for these lawmakers and "high wages," our country would be a land of milk and honey.

Here are the judge's views on—and threat to—lawmakers who refuse to bend their backs to the party lash:

"There would seem to be no reasonable doubt that during the late years there has been in the minds of some of the members of congress an attitude inimical to the principles already stated and to the best interests of our people generally. The motives in some cases may have been good, in others questionable. Some have disregarded their party platforms and even their professed party. Some have antagonized the president on questions settled or voted on by the large majority of voters. Some have opposed or overlooked the well considered and honest efforts of able governmental representatives. Some have obstructed or postponed action concerning proper and necessary legislation; they have ignored the welfare and defied the wishes of a large majority of the voters, and seem to have acted from motives which were personal, selfish and unworthy.

"They have in part succeeded, but whether this disposition, which has become an obsession with some men, will be permitted to continue in the future, deserves attention."

The judge blamed "high wages" for the high cost of living. High taxes follow, according to his reasoning.

MENACE TO PEOPLE'S FREEDOM.

Iowa's State Legislature has enacted a law which, when it reaches the courts, will raise the whole question of State freedom and interstate dependence in one great nation. Iowa has a gasoline tax which forbids Iowa motorists to bring back into the State more than 20 gallons of gasoline from any other State. One of the strong links binding together in one nation the various States of the Union is the freedom of trade between States, the absence of tariffs and duties. The Iowa law is worse than a tariff. It is prohibitory. It says that gasoline, above a limited amount, shall not be brought into the State by individual motorists. Yet ALL of the gasoline used in Iowa must be imported by dealers, because no gasoline is produced in Iowa. There are no oil wells in Iowa and no refineries, except possibly very small ones. What the individual is commanded not to do, the corporation may do and must do, if Iowa's automobiles and farm tractors are to run at all. Thus, there is not only a violation of the no-tariff-between-States idea, but there is rank discrimination between individual and corporation. The first village justice of the peace who gets a crack at that law will, if he knows American fundamentals, shoot it full of holes and send the imprisoned motorist and his impounded automobile on their way rejoicing and hitting on all six. If such a law can stand there is no limit to the prohibitions against importation that can be enacted to follow in its wake in Iowa or in any other State. The law is, in the first place, unconstitutional. In the second place it is foolish, and in the third place it strikes at the very foundation of amicable relations between States and begins the process of creating small and separate nations out of the States—making a muddled and involved Europe out of the United States. If motorists may be forbidden to bring gasoline into the State, carpenters may be forbidden to bring hammers from Illinois and farmers may be prevented from bringing in harvesters made in Milwaukee. If this precedent stands, then there is no limit to the prohibitions of importation that may be laid down by Iowa or any other State. Of course, the law will not stand. It will go down like a dead log once it gets into the courts. But it illustrates a legislative tendency as hurtful and un-American as it is ridiculous and bumptious. It is the kind of legal experiment that must be fought down by the masses of the people in the interest of their own freedom, their own progress and their own material well-being.

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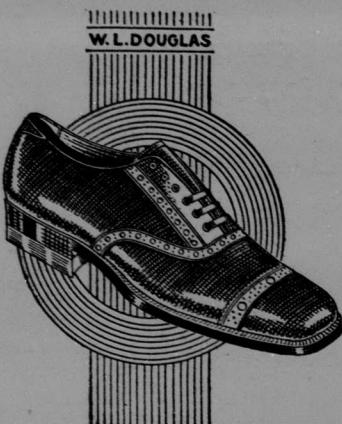
DECEMBER 31st, 1924

Assets.....	\$96,917,170.69
Capital, Reserve and Contingent Funds.....	4,000,000.00
Employees' Pension Fund.....	461,746.52

MISSION BRANCH.....	Mission and 21st Streets
PARK-PRESIDIO BRANCH.....	Clement St. and 7th Ave.
HAIGHT STREET BRANCH.....	Haight and Belvedere Streets
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Interest paid on Deposits at the rate of
FOUR AND ONE QUARTER (4 1/4) per cent per annum,
COMPUTED MONTHLY and COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY,
AND MAY BE WITHDRAWN QUARTERLY

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OPEN
SATURDAY
EVENINGS
Until 9:30

Brief Items of Interest

The following members of San Francisco unions died during the past week: Samuel Euphrat of the cigarmakers, John Monahan of the printers, James Nelson of the carpenters, Harry M. Brown of the railroad conductors.

At the last meeting of the Labor Council, Henry Nolda, representing the International Upholsters' Union, addressed the meeting and gave a detailed description of conditions prevailing in a number of the Southern states as he saw them during a recent trip.

The newly formed Postoffice Laborers' Union has made application to the Labor Council for affiliation. The application has been referred to the organizing committee for investigation in conformity with the laws of the Council.

Upon request of the Typographical Union the Labor Council has asked our representatives in Congress to endeavor to have a thorough investigation of the Government printing office made by the next session of Congress. It is alleged that many old employees, who had almost reached the retiring age, were dismissed and thus deprived of pension at a time when it would be due in a few years more.

The Wagon Drivers' Union reports that it is, both in point of membership and financially in the best condition in its history, and that employment conditions are satisfactory, nearly all members being busy.

The Journeymen Hatters of America is to send

a representative of the union to the Pacific Coast to devote his attention to the creation of a better demand for the union label, as a large number of non-union and Eastern made hats are now being sold all along the Pacific Coast to the detriment of the union product and local manufacturers.

The Cooks' Union has substituted Robert Hollis for Joseph Dodge as a delegate to the Labor Council because of the inability of the latter to attend, and the Retail Shoe Clerks have asked that Delegate Frank O'Brien be excused until July, because of absence from the city.

Officers for the ensuing year were nominated without opposition by Laundry Workers No. 26 at the last meeting. Owing to the fact that there was no contest the local will not hold any election on June 15. The new officers are: D. J. Gorman, president; M. A. Peterson, vice president; Annie J. Brown, secretary; Margie Lydon, assistant secretary; Charles Hawley, business agent; Charles S. Child, treasurer; Ed Flatley, John O'Keefe, sergeant-at-arms; Harry Korts, M. A. Peterson, Charles Keegan and Charles Deery, auditing committee; Charles Hawley, Charles Lineger, Harry Korts, Annie Brown, Charles Keegan, M. A. Peterson, Margie Lydon, Ed Flatley, John O'Keefe and Charles Child, executive committee; D. J. Gorman, Charles Hawley, Annie Brown and Charles Child, law and legislative committee; Charles Lineger, Charles Child,

Charles Hawley, Annie Brown, Margie Lydon and Charles Deery, delegates to the Labor Council.

Joseph F. Valentine, president of the Moulders' International Union and first vice president of the American Federation of Labor, at Washington, D. C., has accepted the invitation of Moulders' Union No. 164 to deliver the oration of the day at the fifty-third annual Moulders' Picnic, in California Park, Marin county, June 21, according to announcement yesterday by A. T. Wynn, secretary of the union. Arthur R. Burns, vice president of Moulders' International Union, will also give an address at the celebration. Sports events and other entertainment numbers comprise an all-day program now being arranged for the event. Lester Zeihen, balloon acrobatic performer, will appear as a feature attraction. Dancing will continue throughout the entire day and evening in the new California park pavilion. An unusually heavy demand for tickets augurs a banner attendance of trade unionists and their friends from all parts of California. Gate prizes of \$500 in cash, three gas ranges, a \$40 ladies' gold watch, an electric washing machine, a radio set, a vacuum cleaner and several hundred other prizes will be given away at the fete. Frank Swanstrom is chairman of the general committee of seventy-five in charge of the picnic. Chairmen of the various sub-committees include Frank Brown, A. T. Wynn, R. W. Burton, Frank Wacker and J. E. Dillon.

FOUR PRIZES ADDED.

Four additional prizes for the essay contest to be conducted by the Labor Day committee were recommended Saturday night. Besides the four prizes to be offered to the two schools whose pupils are adjudged the winners and the two individual prizes the essay contest committee has also urged the following awards: First prize for men, \$50; second prize, \$25; first prize for women, \$50; and second prize, \$25. The subjects chosen by the committee are: What union labor has done for the benefit of children; what union labor has done for the benefit of men; what union label has done for the benefit of women.

JOHNSTON RE-ELECTED

In the most hotly contested campaign in the history of the International Association of Machinists, Wm. H. Johnston has been re-elected international president. E. C. Davison, general secretary-treasurer, and Fred Hewitt, editor of Machinists' Journal, have also been re-elected.

The general vice presidents for the United States are: P. J. Conlon, J. T. Thorpe, H. F. Nickerson, H. W. Brown, Robert Fechner and William Hannon. James Somerville was elected Canadian general vice president. Delegates to the A. F. of L. are C. W. Fry, Dan Haggerty, William Larkin, George Marshall and C. F. Wills.

OIL COMPANY STOPS BONUS

The Union Oil Company has notified its hundreds of employees that their bonus will be discontinued on July 1. These workers deserted the Oil Workers' Union that secured them the eight-hour day and substantial wage increases. The inevitable has happened, and unionists now say: "What did we tell you?"

DEMAND THE LABEL
IN YOUR NEXT SUIT



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Every Wednesday
SHOW STARTS 8:30 P. M.